

# Acadian LEARNING

## INFO

French settlers founded Port-Royal in 1605, the first permanent settlement in North America. The colony grew steadily, until 1755, despite incessant warfare between France and England, and gave birth to a proud, resilient and courageous people: the Acadians.

Today, l'Acadie de la Nouvelle-Écosse is defined not only in terms of 12 designated regions, but also includes those who contribute to the development of the Acadian community with the aim of preserving its language and culture.

Acadians and francophones in Nova Scotia are most involved in the fisheries, forestry, services, and tourism sectors.

Over 49,000 Acadians and 28,635 Francophones resided in Nova Scotia

La Mi-Carême (Mid-Lent), one of the oldest Acadian traditions, is still celebrated in the area every winter.

The Acadian people have celebrated Acadian Day on August 15 since 1881.

## GREETINGS & PHRASES

**Bonjour** (*bohn-zhoor*) **Hello**

**Bienvenue** (*byehn-veh-new*) **Welcome**

**À plus tard** (*ah ploo tahr*) **See you later**

**Asteure** (*ah-stuhr*) **Now**

**Chafrail** (*shah-frayl*) **Confusion, disruption**

**Ouère** (*wehr*) **To see**

## PLACES TO VISIT

Centre de la Mi-Carême  
*Grand Étang*

La Picasse  
Centre Communautaire Culturel  
*Petit-de-Grat*

LeNoir Forge  
*Isle Madame*

Les Trois Pignons  
(Museum of the Hooked Rug)  
*Chéticamp*

Elizabeth Lefort Gallery  
(located inside Les Trios Pignons)  
*Chéticamp*



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